POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT,

FOR

THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

MADRAS GOVERNMENT

IN THE

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

FOR

THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

Printed by Authority.

MADRAS:
PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1893.

MADRAS

DISPOSAL LIST

OF

PRESS PAPERS IN THE ORDINARY SERIES, POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
341	1893. 1st June	..	No. 206 of 1890. No. 339 of 1890.	624	*Prince of Arcot.* — Communicating to departments and officers concerned, with instructions, the intention of the — to visit certain districts.
345	1st "	..	Nos. 5–6 of 1893. Nos. 248–49 of 1893.	634	*Kandyan pensioner.* — Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, for the necessary steps, letter from the Ceylon Government regarding the engagement of a private tutor for the sons of Tiyagasimhala Raja, and requesting the Director of Public Instruction to arrange for the Assistant Inspector, 8th Division, submitting half-yearly reports to the Government Agent on the progress made by the boys.
347	2nd "	..	No. 384 of 1892.	648	*Khan Bahadur Sajjaday Saiyid Ghaus Shah Khadiri.*—Communicating to the Collectors concerned, with instructions, letter from the Resident in Mysore regarding the proposed tour of — to certain places in this Presidency.
351 352	5th "	..	Nos. 382–83 of 1892.	521	*Pudukkottai State.*—Reviewing the budget estimate of the — for fasli 1303 (1893–94). Copy to the Government of India.
359	7th "	..	No. 68 R. of 1893.	503 514	*Revenue Survey and Settlement, Pudukkottai.* — Recording, with remarks, letter from the Political Agent forwarding copy of the Diwan-Regent's report on the scope and intentions of the scheme of Revenue Survey and Settlement proposed to be shortly introduced into the State.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
363	1893. 10th June	..	No. 140 of 1893. No. 180 of 1893. No. 247 of 1893.	673	*Pudukkottai—Postal.*—Directing the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, to communicate to the Diwan-Regent for compliance letter from the Postmaster-General requesting certain information in connection with the transfer of the management of the posts in the State to the Imperial Post Office.
389	21st „	..	Nos. 257-58 of 1893.	735	*Kandyan Pensioners.*—Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, and the Accountant-General, for guidance, letter from the Ceylon Government approving the course proposed by the Accountant-General with reference to the school-fees to be paid on account of the children of —.
403	24th „	..	No. 680 of 1892. No. 710 of 1892. No. 95 of 1893.	663 706	*Periyar.*—Passing orders in connection with the question of the area of control over the sale of liquors in the — and Thekkadi camps.
411	28th „	..	No. 360 of 1892.	431 739	*Banganapalle State.*—Recording the budget estimate of the — for 1893–94.

DISPOSAL LIST

OF

MISCELLANEOUS PAPERS IN THE ORDINARY SERIES, POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
342	1893. 1st June	..	No. 707 of 1892.	649	*Order of the Indian Empire.* — Forwarding to the Resident in Mysore copy of the ceremonial observed at the investiture of the Honorable Justice Muthuswami Aiyar with the Insignia of the second-class of the —.
343	1st „	..	..	632	*Students of Rajkumar College.* — Recording letter from the Government of Bombay intimating that Kunoors Shri Lakhubha of Navanagar, Sherjuma Khan Ji of Janagad and Bawa Wala of Wadia, — have proceeded in charge of Mr. C. W. Waddington to the Nilgiris for the vacation.
344	1st „	..	No. 408 of 1874. No. 491 of 1889. No. 711 of 1892.	636	*M. Vijianayaki Bai.* — Sanctioning the payment of Rs. 1,000 to — an illegitimate offspring of the late Raja of Tanjore on account of the marriage of her son Rajaram Nunbelkar.
346	2nd „	..	No. 334 of 1889. No. 494 of 1889. No. 1853 of 1892.	585	*Arrest of deserters from the Armies of Native States.*—
348	3rd „	..	No. 307 of 1893.	658 665 666	*Nawab of Junagad.* — Communicating to the Military and Public Works departments and Inspector-General of Police, in continuation of G.O., dated 17th May 1893, No. 307, telegrams from the officer on special duty, Bangalore, stating that the — will leave for Belgaum on 9th June and travels by the Southern Mahratta Railway.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
349	1893. 4th June	..	..	670	*His Highness the Nawab of Janagad.*—Informing the Political officer with — by telegram that he should address the Bombay authorities regarding the Nawab's journey on the Southern Mahratta Railway as it is under the Consulting Engineer, Bombay.
350	5th „	..	Nos. 122–23 of 1893. No. 234 of 1893.	659	*Kandyan pensioners.* — Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, letter from the Ceylon Government requesting that Achammal may be informed that that Government adheres to the decision relative to the pension of Govinda Raja and sees no reason at present why Santana Raja's allowance should be paid to any one but himself.
353	5th „	..	No. 28 of 1892. No. 139 of 1892. No. 205 of 1892.	650	*Vice-Consul for Portugal.*—Informing the Government of India that there is no objection to the provisional recognition of Mr. G. Oesinger as —.
354	6th „	..	No. 279A of 1893. No. 289 of 1893. No. 334 of 1893.	651	*Pudukkóttai.*— Recording, pending further report, letter from the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, regarding the valuation of the "Nutshell" at Kodaikánal.
355 356	6th „	..	No. 197 of 1893.	604	*Rabiah Begam.*—Directing that a report on the petition from —, a Carnatic stipendiary, on the subject of her claim to an enhanced stipend, be despatched to the Government of India.
357 358	7th „	..	No. 931 of 1889. No. 155 of 1892.	644	*Memorial Rules.*—Directing that the Government of India be informed that there is no objection to the adoption of the draft forwarded relating to the submission or withholding by Local Governments and Political officers of petitions and memorials relating to matters affecting persons or places under their Political charges when such are addressed to the Government of India or the Secretary of State.
360	8th „	..	No. 422 of 1892. No. 558 of 1892.	603 661	*Abd-ul-Ali.*—Declining to accede to the request of — that his stipend of Rs. 304–1–4 be transferred for two years to Saiyid Nizam-ud-din Sahib of the High Court, and informing him that further petitions on the subject will not be noticed.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
361	1893. 8th June	..	..	676	*Bonuses.* — Recording proceedings, Marine department, directing that the liability of — to income-tax be considered when the amount of bonus is under discussion.
362	9th „	..	..	..	*French subjects Sadasivan and Madaremuttu.*—Informing the Governor of the French Settlement that the necessary orders have been issued to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Madras, for return to the defendants of certain jewels which formed the subject of a charge of criminal misappropriation brought against the —.
364	10th „	..	No. 359 of 1885.	679	*Carnatic Stipendiaries.*—Sanctioning the grant of compassionate allowances to be paid off in lump sums to Qadir Bi and Buddoo Bi, widows of certain —.
365	10th „	..	No. 45 of 1892. No. 198 of 1893.	645	*N. Kondayya of Giddalur.*—Rejecting petition from — requesting orders to be permitted to bring his property from the Banganapalle State and to be furnished with information as to his brother's imprisonment, and informing him that no notice will be taken of any further petitions on the subject.
366	10th „	..	..	2338 (Judicial)	*Petition from Abdulla Bin Adam.*—Transferring to the Resident in Travancore — sentenced to capital punishment by the Sessions Judge of Alleppey praying that justice may be rendered, with request that he keep Government informed as to the course of the legal proceedings.
367	12th „	..	No. 127 of 1893. No. 233 of 1893. No. 285 of 1893.	674	*Petition.* — Directing that the — from certain inhabitants of Padeeyoor, near Irinyalacodai, bringing to notice the bad conduct of the present Tachudaya Kymal and praying that the management of the affairs of the Irinyalacodai Koodalmanikkasawmy's temple may be taken away from him, be transferred to the Resident in Travancore and Cochin in continuation of those sent with G.O., dated 8th May 1893, No. 285.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
368	1893. 12th June	..	No. 33 of 1891.	677	*Goomsur Pensioner.* — Intimating to the Collector of Vizagapatam that the Government will be prepared to communte the entire pension of Gumsura Narasamma on the production of the certificate prescribed in G.O., dated 23rd July 1891, No. 452.
369	13th „	..	No. 289 of 1893. No. 334 of 1893. No. 354 of 1893.	664	*Pudukkottai.*—Informing Mr. Turner that orders on his request for permission to sell the "nutshell" at Kodaikánal to the Raja of —, will be passed when certain points regarding purchase by the Raja are settled.
370	13th „	..	No. 341 of 1893.	244	*Prince of Arcot.* — Communicating to the Collector of South Arcot, for information and guidance, G.O., dated 1st June 1893, No. 341, as the — intends remaining at Porto Novo for a few hours during his tour.
371	13th „	..	..	688	*Nanjangud-Gudalur Extension Project.* — Recording proceedings, Public Works department, considering that, as the Mysore Darbar has accepted the proposals for a line connecting Nanjangud and Erode, further investigation of the — may be deferred.
372 373 374	14th „	..	No. 528 of 1884. No. 589 of 1892. No. 231 of 1893.	240	*Palkondah and Tanjore Pensions.*—Directing that Mr. M D. Kavanagh be informed that the matter of the pensions of Sri Venkatapati Raz, Rajaram and Her Highness Umamba Bai Sahiba have been fully considered and cannot be reopened.
375	14th „		No. 1040 of 1886. No. 54 R. of 1892. No. 769 of 1892.	687	*Petition.*—Rejecting, under rule 5 of C Petition rules, — from Fatimah and Moulana Begams praying for some allowance.
376	15th „	..	No 341 of 1893.	701	*Prince of Arcot.*—Recording letter from the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, forwarding copies of programme of the tour of the —.
377	15th „	..	No. 10 of 1893. No. 188 of 1893.	694	*Ry. Yoganadha Avarai Sahib.* — Directing that — be informed, with reference to his memorial, dated 16th December 1892, for increase of stipend, that the Secretary of State for India declines to interfere on his behalf.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
378	1893. 15th June	..	No. 265 of 1863. No. 359 of 1885. No. 27 of 1891.	680	*Carnatic Stipends.*—Sanctioning the Paymaster's proposal to grant to Murad Bi, widow of Muhammad Raja, a monthly pension of Rs. 11–4–0.
379	15th „	..	No. 74 of 1892. No. 269 of 1892. No. 211 of 1893.	635	*Vajib-un-nisa Begam.* — Directing that — be informed that Government declines to reopen her case for arrears of pension, and that no notice will be taken of further communications on the subject.
380	15th „	..	..	711	*Kandyan Pensioners.* — Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, for necessary action, letter from the Ceylon Government forwarding a reply to petition from Alagiamanawala-Simhala Raja and four others —, praying that two-thirds of his father's pension may be granted to Vasudava Naick.
381	15th „	..	No. 122 of 1893. No. 234 of 1893. No. 350 of 1893.	691	——— Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, for necessary action, letter from the Ceylon Government forwarding a reply to petition from Alakiyamanawala Simhala Raja declining to interfere with the decision communicated on the 23rd February 1893.
382	15th „	..	No. 112 of 1893. Nos. 204–5 of 1893.	628 685	*Surgeon-Captain Thomson.*—Directing the Resident to inform the Travancore Darbar that Government regrets its inability to spare the services of — beyond the 1st October next, and that he must be relieved before that date.
383	19th „	..	No. 86 of 1892. No. 470 of 1892. Nos. 165–66 of 1893.	714	*Jamil-un-nisa Begam.*—Informing — that her request for a copy of Colonel Underwood's report of January 1892 cannot be complied with.
384	19th „	..	No. 474 of 1893.	709 724	*Graves of Europeans in Native States.*—Forwarding to the Government of India, Foreign department, copy of letters from the Political Agents, Pudukkottai and Sandur, regarding the graves of Europeans in those states.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
385	1893. 19th June	..	No. 189 of 1893.	723	*Sandur State.* — Forwarding to the Government of India, Foreign department, copy of communication to the — regarding the succession to the Chiefship of the State.
386	20th "	..	..	734	*S. Narayanaswami Aiyar.*—Directing the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, to furnish the Board of Revenue with the information required regarding —, assistant teacher in the State College, for the register of persons qualified for the post of Deputy Collector.
387	21st "	..	No. 350 of 1887. No. 452 of 1891.	443 646 717	*Carnatic Stipendiary.*—Sanctioning the commutation of the pension of Abdul Hadi, a —.
388	21st "	..	No. 110 of 1893.	722	*Official reception of Native Chiefs at Railway stations.*—Forwarding to the Government of India, Foreign department, copy of communication to the Raja of Sandur regarding —.
390	21st "	..	..	727	*Scheduled Districts.*—Recording proceedings, Judicial department, directing that in future all notifications extending Acts to, or declaring them to be in force in, the —, issue in the Judicial department only.
391	21st "	..	Nos. 211-12 1892. No. 134 of 1893. No. 272 of 1893.	736	*Kandyan Pensioners.*—Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, for necessary action, letter from the Ceylon Government sanctioning payment to Gopalsami Nayudu of two-thirds of his grandmother's pension commuted at ten years' purchase, together with the arrears of pension due to the late Rukmanikanta.
392	21st "	..	No. 185 of 1892.	657	*Karuppan.*—Referring petitioner — son of Pandaram Vettappan, of Nemmara Muri, Cochin State, to G.O., dated 12th March 1892, No. 185, and forwarding to him copy of the order sent to him which was returned by the post office as refused with the intimation that further petitions on the subject will receive no notice.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
393 394	1893. 22nd June	..	No. 355 of 1891. No. 403 of 1891. No. 484 of 1891.	594 693	*M.R.Ry. Sundararam Iyer.*—Directing that the Government of India be addressed regarding the extension to the end of 1895 of the period of 3½ years for which —, Professor of History, Kumbakonam College, was engaged by the Travancore Government.
395 396	22nd "	..	No. 651 of 1886.	741	*Kandyan Pensioner.*—Directing that the death of — Doraiswami Razu be reported to the Government of Ceylon.
397 398	22nd "	..	..	743	*Ceylon Pensioner.* — Directing that the death of — Solamaly be reported to that Government.
399	22nd "	..	..	746	*Baichapur Tank.* — Informing the Resident in Mysore that this Government regrets, for reasons stated, to accord its consent to the restoration of the —.
400	23rd "	..	..	697 703 715 737	*Colonel W. T. Brereton.*—Considering that the case of — comes under article 643, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, and sanctioning the extention of his privilege leave by one month's general leave.
401	23rd "	..	..	696 712 726 731	*Nayar Brigade.* — Approving of Lieutenant Ferguson holding the temporary command of the — during Colonel Brereton's absence on leave.
402	23rd "	..	No. 909 of 1862.	716	*Estate of one S. P. Arathoon.* — Directing the Government Solicitor to forward the amount of Rs. 174-0-6 said to be the 5th dividend payable to the late East India Company by the —, an insolvent debtor, to the Bank of Madras to be credited to Government.
404	26th "	..	No. 535 of 1892.	606	*Travancore revised estimate of revenue and expenditure.*—Recording, with remarks, the — for Malayalam year 1068.
405	26th "	..	No. 87 of 1892.	738	*Inam rights in the Palavur village.* — Communicating to the Resident in Travancore, for necessary action, proceedings, Revenue department, requesting that the Travancore Government may be invited to reconsider its claim to compensation for its —, Nánguneri taluk.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
406 407	1893. 27th June	..	..	742	*Photographs from His Highness the Raja of Cochin.*—Directing that the letters and — be forwarded for delivery to Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Governor of Bombay.
408	27th „	..	..	609	*Bangaru Channel, South Arcot district.* — Communicating to the Special Agent, South Arcot, with instructions, proceedings, Public Works department, directing the payment to the French Government of the claim of 10,403·68 francs, being the expenditure incurred on the construction and removal of the *pont a vannes* across the —.
409	27th „	..	..	768	*Notifications, rules, regulations, &c., having the force of law.*—Recording proceedings, Judicial department, communicating letter from the Government of India inviting attention, with certain instructions, to resolution regarding the previous publication of draft — affecting the outside public before final issue.
410	27th „	..	No. 635 of 1887.	721	*Kandyan Pensioners.* — Informing Ramakrishnaswamy Raja that he should forward his petition for the grant of two-thirds of the pension of the first Queen of Kandy through the Government Agent, Tanjore.
412	28th „	..	No. 44 of 1891. No. 611 of 1891. No. 24 of 1892.	356 602	*Zemindar of Nuzvid.* — Directing that the — be informed that this Government sees no reason for addressing the Government of India with reference to his claims to the title of Raja.
413	29th „	..	Nos. 157–60 of 1893. No. 308 of 1893.	718	*Pension of the late Ahmad-un-nisa Begam.* — Referring the Paymaster to article 1042 of the Civil Service Regulations and stating that he may pay the arrears of — to Muhammad Mahmud Khan Bahadur on being satisfied that he is the person duly authorized to receive assets of the estate of the deceased Begam.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
414	1893. 30th June.	..	No. 505 of 1892. Nos. 217–8 of 1893. No. 324 of 1893.	783	*Ghulam Muhamud Ghaus.*—Informing the Resident in Hyderabad that — and his brother, sons of Khurshid-un-nisa Begam Sahiba, are not entitled to special courtesies mentioned.
415	30th "	..	No. 189 of 1890. No. 173 of 1890. No. 243 of 1890.	1393 of 1892. 683 of 1893.	*Late Amin of Androth.*—Informing Saiyid Muhammad Koya,—, with reference to his petition praying to be re-instated in his former office, that Government declines to interfere on his behalf.

DISPOSAL LIST

OF

PAPERS IN THE ROUTINE SERIES,

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
107	1883. 1st June	..	No. 87 R. of 1893.	654	*Examination Rules.* — Communicating to Political officers proceedings, Educational department, informing the Commissioner, Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations, that the — apply to non-pensionable appointments generally.
108	3rd „	..	No. 341 of 1893.	672	*Prince of Arcot.* — Informing the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, by telegram that the orders regarding the tour of the — issued this day.
109	5th „	..	..	..	*Government Order.* — Forwarding to the Under Secretary of State two copies of —, dated 22nd May 1893, No. 319, to complete the volume of proceedings.
110	7th „	..	No. 87 R. of 1893.	675	*Examination Rules.* — Communicating to Political officers proceedings, Educational department, considering that the application of the — to shroffs should be held to date from the communication of G.O., dated 10th November 1891, No. 860, to Collectors, and stating that the intention of G.O., dated 28th July 1886, No. 482, was to debar from any promotion all unpassed men who on 1st July 1887 held posts carrying a salary of less than Rs. 20, and that it is not affected by G.O., dated 5th April 1893, No. 224.
112	9th „	..	..	..	*Mysore Gold Fields Railway.* — Requesting the Resident in Mysore to furnish a statement of stores transactions for the year 1892 for the —.

Disposal No.	Date of Disposal.	Date of Despatch to Secretary of State for India.	Numbers and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Receipt Nos.	Despatch abstract or purport of paper.
113	1893. 15th June	..	..	713	*Bodyguard of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore.*—Communicating to the Resident proceedings, Military department, sanctioning the supply of certain clothing and accoutrements for the —.
114	17th „	..	No. 341 of 1893.	699	*Prince of Arcot.* — Communicating to the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, proceedings, Military department, regarding the supply of tents for the use of the —.
115	17th „	..	No. 98 R. of 1893.	698	*Carnatic Stipendiaries.* — Recording statement of —, whose deaths have been reported during the month of May 1893.
116	21st „	..	No. 106 R. of 1893.	700	*Tannin in Tangedu Bark.* — Forwarding to the Resident in Mysore six copies of the proceedings of Government, dated 3rd May 1893, No. 381, regarding the percentage of —.
117	22nd „	..	No. 870 Memo. of 1893.	745	*Muhammad Aziz-ud-din Khan.* — Directing that the unclaimed cover addressed to — with its enclosure be forwarded to the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, for delivery to —.
118	27th „	..	..	747	*Petition.* — Directing that the — from Saiyid Husain of Kolar praying that he may be allowed the taslik to certain makkans to which he has a mirasi right and that Mr. Madhawa Rao, Deputy Commissioner of Kolar, may not be transferred from there, be transferred to the Resident in Mysore.
119	27th „	..	..	744	*Mir Azeez-ud-din Ali Khan.* — Informing — of Gurramkonda, Cuddapah district, that the geneological tree stated to be enclosed in his application for copy of certain treaty has not been received and that the application should be submitted through the Collector of Cuddapah.
120	29th „	..	..	778	*Drinking-water for Bangalore.*—Informing the Resident in Mysore that copy of the report received from the Sanitary Commissioner on the different projects for supplying — was despatched to him on 21st instant, and returning Major Grant's report on the Maligal scheme.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following papers :—

From Colonel H. S. STEWART, I. S. C., Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Chepák, 20th May 1893, No. 222.

I have the honour to submit the accompanying letter in original from the Prince of Arcot requesting to forward the enclosed letter to the address of His Excellency the Governor, and intimating his intention to visit Trichinopoly, Arcot, Nagore, and Karikal accompanied with his family, for the favourable consideration of Government.

2. I respectfully beg to recommend that arrangements may be made similar to those referred to in G. O. No. 206, dated 18th April 1890. The supply of tents may likewise be sanctioned as before, *vide* G. O. No. 339, dated 2nd July 1890.

Enclosures.

From AZUM HUSAIN, Secretary to the Prince of Arcot, to Colonel H. S. STEWART, Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, dated Ameer Mahal, 18th May 1893, No. 101.

As desired by the Prince of Arcot, I have the honour to forward herewith a letter to the address of His Excellency the Governor in Council, with a request that you will be so good as to transmit the same to Government as early as possible.

I further beg to inform you that on the occasion of the Prince's journey in July 1890, His Excellency the Governor was graciously pleased to give orders for an escort of his Body Guard to accompany the Prince to and from the Railway Station and requested the Collector of Madras and Commissioner of Police to meet him at the Railway Station at the time of his departure from and arrival at Madras on which occasion the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, was also present. The Prince would feel highly obliged by your kindly securing him the same honour on this occasion also.

It is also requested that you will be pleased to obtain the sanction of Government for supplying *two* large and *six* small tents to the Prince for his use at Tajpoora near Arcot.

I herewith enclose 4 papers for your perusal and return to show that all this has been done on a previous occasion.

Letter from the Prince of Arcot, to His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord WENLOCK, G.C.I.E., Governor of Madras, dated Ameer Mahal, 18th May 1893.

I most respectfully beg to bring to Your Excellency's kind notice, that I intend to proceed on or about the 19th June next on a tour to Nagore, Trichinopoly, Conjeeveram *viâ* Chingleput, and Arcot *viâ* Arconum, by the South Indian Railway and Madras Railway, for the purpose of visiting the celebrated shrines in those localities, accompanied by my family, suite and a few servants.

I will also pay a visit to Karikal during my stay at Nagore.

A programme of my journey will be duly furnished hereafter, through the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, for Your Excellency's information.

I beg to draw Your Excellency's kind attention to the Proceedings of Government, dated 18th April and 2nd July 1890, Nos. 206 and 339, Political, passed on a similar tour undertaken by me in July 1890.

I request Your Excellency in Council will be graciously pleased to issue such orders on the subject of my proposed journey, as Your Excellency may think proper. For which act of kindness I shall feel highly grateful.

Order—dated 1st June 1893, No. 341, Political.

The intention of the Prince of Arcot to visit places in the districts of Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Chingleput and North Arcot will be communicated to the Collectors concerned who will show Prince Muhammad Munawar, Khan Bahadur, Amir-i-Arkat, all the attention and civility due to his high rank.

2. Orders will issue in the Public Works (Railway) Department for facilitating the Prince's movements and the necessary action as regards tents will be taken in the Military Department.

3. The Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends, will communicate the programme of the tour to the departments, officers and Railway administrations concerned as early as possible.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To

The Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends.
,, Public Works Department (Railway Branch).
,, Military Department.
,, Inspector General of Police.
,, Commissioner of Police, Madras.
,, Collectors concerned (including Madras).
,, Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued.

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 1st June 1893, No. 341.

JUNE.

Prince of Arcot.

Communicating to departments and officers concerned the intention of the—to visit certain districts.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—again G.O., dated 7th January 1893, Nos. 5, 6, Political.

Abstract.—*Kandyan Pensioner.*—Directing that the Ceylon Government be addressed on the subject of the education of the sons of P. Tiyagasimhala Raja.

Read—again the following paper :—

G.O., dated 28th April 1893, Nos. 248, 249, Political.

Read—the following letter from the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, dated Colombo, 4th February 1893 :—

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th ultimo, No. 6, Political, and I am to inform you that the Government of Ceylon is prepared to incur an expenditure of Rs. 30 per mensem for the pay of a private tutor to the sons of Tiyagasimhala Raja, but before doing so I am to ask you to be so good as to advise what precautions should be taken to secure that the money is properly applied and earned.

No. 298, Political.

The Government Agent, Tanjore, is requested to report whether he can suggest any measures for ensuring that the money is properly applied and earned.

Fort St. George,
14th February 1893.

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Government Agent, Tanjore.

Read—the following letter from H. M. WINTERBOTHAM, Esq., Acting Government Agent, Tanjore, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Mannárgudi, 10th March 1893, No. 15 :—

With reference to memorandum, dated 14th February 1893, No. 298, Political, I have the honour to state that, from the heading, I understand that the question relates exclusively to the suggestion that a private tutor should be engaged to give the boys home-lessons in their father's house at Tiruválúr.

2. I can undertake to select a tutor and to see that his monthly salary is paid into his hands, but I do not see how I can ensure that the instruction he imparts to the boys shall be a fair return for the outlay.

3. Tiyagasimhala Raja is himself alive to the advantages of education, and I think he may be trusted to look after his sons' interests and to see that they suck in as much knowledge as the tutor can impart and his pupils can assimilate. The progress of the boys can be tested by the Educational officers from time to time, if Government so directs.

No. 527, Political.

The Director of Public Instruction is requested to report on the suggestion in the concluding portion of Mr. Winterbotham's letter that the progress of the sons of P. Tiyagasimhala Raja might be tested by Educational officers from time to time.

Fort St. George, (Signed) C. A. GALTON,
18th March 1893. *Ag. Chief Secretary.*

Read—the following letter from D. DUNCAN, Esq., M.A., D.Sc., Director of Public Instruction, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 8th April 1893, No. 3682 :—

Referring to memorandum No. 527, dated the 18th March last, the enclosures to which are herewith returned, I have the honour to state that the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Eighth Division, will, on receipt of the orders of Government, be instructed to report half-yearly to the Agent, Tanjore, the progress made by the sons of P. Tiyagasimhala Raja.

Order—dated 28th April 1893, No. 248, Political.

The Ceylon Government will be informed accordingly.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Letter—to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, dated 28th April 1893, No. 249, Political.

With reference to your letter of the 4th February last regarding the engagement of a private tutor for the education of the sons of Tiyagasimhala Raja, I am directed to enclose copy of the marginally-noted Proceedings of this Government containing reports from the Government Agent, Tanjore, and the Director of Public Instruction on the subject.

No. 248, dated 28th April 1893.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Read—also the following paper :—

From the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, dated Colombo, 18th May 1893.

I am directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of your letter No. 249 (Political) of the 28th ultimo regarding the engagement of a private tutor for the education of the sons of Tiyagasimhala Raja, and I am to state that the precautions which you have been good enough to take in the matter are considered sufficient.

Order—dated 1st June 1893, No. 345, Political.

Communicated to the Government Agent, Tanjore, who will take the necessary steps for procuring a private tutor for the sons of P. Tiyagasimhala Raja.

2. The Director of Public Instruction will be requested to arrange for the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Eighth Division, submitting half-yearly reports to the Government Agent on the progress made by the boys.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Government Agent, Tanjore.
„ Director of Public Instruction.
„ Colonial Secretary, Colombo (with C.L.).

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. Encl.

G.O., 1st June 1893, No. 345.

JUNE.

Kandyan Pensioners.

Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, for the necessary steps, letter from the Ceylon Government regarding the engagement of a private tutor for the sons of Tiyagasimhala Raja, and requesting the Director of Public Instruction to arrange for the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Eighth Division, submitting half-yearly reports to the Government Agent on the progress made by the boys.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

From the Resident in Mysore, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Bangalore, 26th May 1893, No. 1786–55387.

Khan Bahadur Sajjaday Saiyid Ghaus Shah Khadiri of Sree Guru Dattatraya Peetah, Bababudan Hills, Kadur district, Mysore State, proposes to proceed on a tour to Madura, Trichinopoly, Nagur and Negapatam in the Madras Presidency with the arms, &c., and followers specified on the margin.

1 Palanquin.	4 Guns.
2 Umbrellas.	4 Swords, and about 40 followers including peons with belts and badges.
1 Drum.	
1 Horn-man.	

2. At the instance of the Mysore Durbar, I have the honour to request that, with the permission of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the local officers of the districts through which the Khan Bahadur proposes to travel may be instructed to render him all necessary aid in his journey.

ORDER—dated 2nd June 1893, No. 347, Political.

Communicated to the Collectors of North and South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Madura, Trichinopoly and Tanjore with the request that they will issue orders to the local officers to prevent the Khan Bahadur referred to from being subject to interruption.

2. Care should be taken that his passage through the districts does not lead to any exaction of supplies.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Collector of North Arcot.
„ „ of South Arcot.
„ „ of Salem.
„ „ of Coimbatore.
„ „ of Madura.
„ „ of Trichinopoly.
„ „ of Tanjore.
„ Inspector-General of Police.
„ Resident in Mysore (with C.L.).

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 2nd June 1893, No. 347.

JUNE.

Khan Bahadur Sajjaday Saiyid Ghaus Shah Khadiri.

Communicating to the Collectors concerned, with instructions, letter from the Resident in Mysore regarding the proposed tour of — to certain places in this Presidency.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper:—

From W. H. WELSH, Esq., Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 27th April 1893, No. 43-O—615.

I have the honour to submit the budget of the Pudukkóttai State for fasli 1302. The variations in the several heads are noticed below.

Receipts.

2. *Land Revenue.*—The decrease of Rs. 1,00,000 in the revised estimate for fasli 1302 is due to unfavorable season. The eight months' collections show that the actuals will approximate to Rs. 4,20,000 at the end of fasli 1302. Of the decrease of Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 70,000 is expected to be outstanding against the ryots at the end of the current fasli and Rs. 30,000 is the cost of the permanent remissions of land-tax. The budget estimate for fasli 1303 provides for Rs. 5,50,000 The actual collection of the next year is expected to be Rs. 4,75,000 after deducting permanent remissions, to which may be added Rs. 65,000 expected to be recovered from the uncollected balance of the previous year's demand and Rs. 10,000 expected to be realised under arrears of quit-rent of former years.

3. *Forest.*—The revised estimate shows an increase of Rs. 3,000 under the head, due to more fuel having been used for State kilns. There will be a decrease of Rs. 5,000 in fasli 1303 owing to less demand for fuel, as most of the important public buildings have been completed.

4. *Registration.*—Owing to general increase of business the revised estimate for fasli 1302 and budget for fasli 1303 show an increase of Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 1,000 respectively.

5. *Interest.*—The increase of Rs. 1,000 in the revised estimate is due to the interest realised on unspent sums with State bankers at Madras. The decrease of Rs. 16,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 will be due to the sale of Government securities from which interest has hitherto been realised.

6. *Post Office.*—The revenue under this head will cease, as it is proposed to hand over the State Post offices to the management of the Imperial Post.

7. *Education.*—The increase in the revised estimate is due to the introduction of the new scale of fees towards the second half of the last year.

8. *Tolls.*—The increase of Rs. 4,000 in the revised estimate is due to the heavy cart traffic in grains imported into the State. The decrease of Rs. 2,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is expected to be due to less cart traffic.

EXPENDITURE.

9. *Assignments to the Raja's family (Palace).*—The revised estimate for fasli 1302 shows an increase of Rs. 17,000 due to—

	RS.
His Highness the Raja's visit to Madras to visit His Excellency the Viceroy	4,500
The visit of His Highness the Raja to the Court of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore and elephant shooting at Madathorai	6,500
Increase to His Highness the Raja's outfit and other unforeseen charges	4,000
The second shooting in elephant forest of Travancore ...	2,000
Total ...	17,000

The budget for fasli 1303 provides for Rs. 2,00,000 ; this is expected to cover all ordinary and extraordinary charges. There will be some savings consequent on the tours to Upper India and England, but there will be extraordinary charges which will probably absorb these. If the purchase or lease of houses at Kodaikánal is sanctioned to take place at once, the extraordinary charges will exceed this estimate. A special provision of Rs. 2,20,000 is made for His Highness the Raja's tour to Upper India in December 1893 and to England in April 1894, as also for the expected marriages in the Raja's household; all these items are given in sub-heads (*a*), (*b*), (*c*) under main head 2. I suggest the advisability of reducing the allotment for the English tour from Rs. 1,65,000 to Rs. 65,000 as explained in the enclosed memorandum.

10. *Compensation to Western Palace Jaghirdar.*—There is a decrease of Rs. 2,000 under this head in the revised estimate which is due to the absence of charges anticipated but not incurred. The increase of Rs. 7,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is provided for the marriage of the junior son of the Western Palace Jaghirdar.

11. *Land Revenue.*—The decrease of Rs. 2,000 in the revised estimate is due to the charges for which it was intended not having been incurred. The increase of Rs. 2,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is intended for granting increments of salary of Revenue officers.

12. *Inam Settlement, Revenue Survey and Settlement.*—The decrease of Rs. 7,000 in revised estimate is chiefly owing to the postponement of survey. The provision of Rs. 20,000 for the ensuing fasli is to be expended on Brahmadayam measurement and Revenue Survey and Settlement operations.

13. *Excise.*—The increase of Rs. 1,500 in the revised estimate was incurred in the cost of a spare still and plant, and the decrease of Rs. 1,500 in the budget for fasli 1303 is due to the absence of such a charge in the next fasli.

14. *Forest.*—The increase of Rs. 1,500 in the budget estimate for fasli 1303 is proposed to be incurred in organizing a more efficient supervision in the forest plantations.

15. *Registration.*—The increase of Rs. 1,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is to be expended in improving the salaries of Registering officers and for the upkeep of a new Registry office opened during the second half of the current year.

16. *Agricultural Loans.*—This is a new main head. The revised estimate shows an expenditure of Rs. 5,000 in agricultural improvements, especially in sinking wells. A further sum of Rs. 10,000 is provided in the budget for fasli 1303 for the grant of loans.

17. *Post Office.*—No provision is made under this head for the coming fasli as the State Post is to be made over to the Imperial Post.

CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

18. *General Administration.*—The increase in the revised estimate is based on the actuals of fasli 1301.

18-A. *Law and Justice.*—The increase of Rs. 1,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is proposed to be expended in improving the low salaries of batta peons.

19. *Education.*—The increase of Rs. 2,000 in the revised estimate has been incurred in the increase of pay of college staff and in grants to schools.

20. *Medical.*—The increase of Rs. 5,000 in the budget for fasli is proposed to be incurred in the opening of two new rural dispensaries.

MISCELLANEOUS.

21. *Political.*—The increase of Rs. 500 in the budget for fasli 1303 is made for improving salaries and strengthening the Political Agent's establishment as reported in this office letter No. 17-O—571, dated 20th April 1893.

22. *Miscellaneous.*—The increase in the revised estimate of Rs. 5,000 is based on the actuals of the current fasli. The excess over the budget for 1302 is due to the unfavorable character of the season necessitating the repair, &c., of drinking-water sources. Such expenditure is not anticipated next fasli which explains the decrease of Rs. 5,000 in the budget for 1303.

23. *Irrigation.*—The increase of Rs. 15,000 in the revised estimate is due to the necessity of affording relief to labouring classes, whose labours were utilised in the repair to irrigation works. The budget for the ensuing fasli provides for Rs. 20,000 for this purpose.

24. *Town Conservancy.*—There is an increase of Rs. 25,000 in the revised estimate; this was chiefly spent on the Pudukulam water project which is expected to be completed before the close of the present fasli. The usual provision of Rs. 25,000 has been raised by Rs. 10,000 which is to be expended on the acquisition of the property included in the catchment area of Pudukulam and for other purposes in connection with the project.

25. *Roads.*—The decrease in fasli 1303 is owing to there being one new road to be completed.

26. *Buildings.*—The increase of Rs. 60,000 under this head in the revised estimate is based on the actuals of the first eight months of the current fasli, the outlay during which period was Rs. 72,000; the balance of Rs. 48,000 is to be expended before the close of the fasli in the completion of the new hospital at the capital (Rs. 36,000) and on the new taluk cutcherries, police and other buildings, Rs. 12,000. The decrease of Rs. 1,00,000 in the budget for the ensuing fasli is due to the completion of almost all the buildings. The budget amount of 1303 is to be expended on the completion of police buildings (Rs. 10,000), new Registry offices at Kudumiyamalai and Perungalur (Rs. 5,000), and on the repairs and maintenance of the public buildings (Rs. 5,000).

27. *Establishment.*—The decrease of Rs. 6,000 in the budget for fasli 1303 is due to dispensing with the services of the Special Engineer and the temporary establishment in connection with the public buildings.

28. *Palace Troops.*—The increase in the revised estimate for current fasli and budget estimate for 1303 is due to the grant of increase to sepoys on account of dearness of provisions.

29. *General Remarks.*—The revised estimate closes with a deficit of Rs. 1,98,900 and the budget of 1303 with a deficit of Rs. 1,49,900; this is due to the extraordinary falling off in collections to the extent of Rs. 89,000 owing to unprecedented adverse season and to unforeseen extraordinary charges amounting to Rs. 3,09,000 detailed on the margin of paragraph 9, page 4, of the Diwan-Regent's letter No. 36-O, dated 13th April 1893, herewith enclosed. The deficit will have to be met out of the surplus of the previous years, necessitating the sale of Government paper at an anticipated discount of Rs. 15,000. The balance now to the credit of the State will be reduced to Rs. 1,55,844 at the close of next fasli.

30. The forecast given by the Diwan-Regent shows that the state will be compelled to have recourse to a loan in October 1894 to be repaid in April 1895 and

again in October 1895 to be repaid in April 1896, but that at the close of fasli 1307 a sufficient balance is expected to be secured if the seasons are favorable and unforeseen expenditure does not become necessary.

31. If my suggestion in paragraph 9 of this letter to cut down the estimate for the English tour can be carried out, I believe that the necessity for short loans of a lakh each in faslis 1305 and 1306 will be avoided.

ENCLOSURE.

Memorandum by Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated 24th April 1893.

In the budget Rs. 1,65,000 is entered as probable cost of His Highness the Raja's tour to England.

2. This sum, at present exchange, is £10,000.

3. I do not know upon what the estimate is based, but I do not think more than Rs. 65,000 need be entered since no immediate heavy fall in exchange is expected.

4. There will be four first-class passengers; I do not suppose more than three native servants are needed. Four first-class fares would not much exceed Rs. 4,000. Allowing for servants' luggage and special arrangements, which I believe would be few in the case of the Raja, £800 would cover the whole cost of voyage home and back.

5. Ordinary expenses in Europe for lodging and board from 1st May to 1st October at £1 a day for each of the seven persons would come to £1,078. There should be scarcely any expenditure on wine, and little on clothes. As Mr. Crossley would probably avail himself of his summer vacation, there may be a saving of £2 a day for 42 days. This expense may be put at £1,000.

6. Extra expenses need not exceed £200 during stay in France; 5,000 francs will go a long way if the Raja is *incognito* and the best rooms in expensive hotels are not used.

7. The extra expenses connected with presentation to Her Majesty need not exceed £200.

8. The extra expenses for amusements and sight-seeing in London need not exceed £200.

9. During the whole trip the Raja need not spend on purchases in shops more than £200.

10. For trips in the country in England £300 would do.

11. The only expensive item which His Highness would be very keen about is shooting. This item may cost anything from £200 upwards. Putting it down at £400, the total comes only to—

	£
Voyages	800
Board and lodging	1,000
France	200
Presentation	200
London	200
Purchase in shops	200
Trips in the country	300
Shooting	400
Total ..	3,300

say, Rs. 59,000.

12. Indian expenses need not exceed Rs. 2,000 at departure, which should be *incognito*, and Rs. 4,000 on arrival; total Rs. 65,000.

13. Some of the calculations may be fallacious, but I think that they are sufficiently near the mark for budget purposes. I know the Raja wishes to live as much like a European as possible during the tour, and there is no advantage in ostentatious extravagance.

(Signed) A. KRISHNASVAMAIYAR,
for Political Agent for Pudukkottai.

ORDER—dated 5th June 1893, No. 351, Political.

Owing to an adverse season and consequent falling off in collections to the extent of ·89 and to unforeseen charges the anticipated surplus of ·17 in the budget of the Pudukkóttai State for 1892–93 will, it is estimated, be converted into a deficit of nearly 2 lakhs, the opening balance of 1893–94 being reduced from 5·19 to 3·20. The budget estimates for the approaching fasli show a further deficit of 1·5 and the closing balance is placed at 1·7. The Diwan-Regent considers that it will be necessary before

the expiry of the year to withdraw part of the invested surplus and the balance at the end of 1893–94 will, it is stated, be still further reduced by the amount (·15) which will be sacrificed in selling out Government paper.

2. The variations between the budget estimate for 1892–93, the revised estimate for that year and the budget estimate for 1893–94 are explained in the Diwan-Regent's statements and the Political Agent's covering letter.

3. The estimated receipts under *Land Revenue* in 1893–94 show an increase of 1·30 over the revised estimate for the current year. The actual collections are placed at 4·75, ·65 is expected to be recovered from the uncollected balance of the demand for 1891–92, and ·10 represents collections of arrears of quit-rents.

A decrease of ·16 under *Interest* is due to the anticipated sale of Government paper.

The receipts and charges under *Post Office* disappear from the budget for 1893–94 as it is proposed to hand over the State Post to the Imperial Post.

A sum of 2·0 is provided in the budget for fasli 1303 on account of Palace expenditure. The actuals for fasli 1302, which are swelled by extraordinary charges, are placed at 2·17. A special provision of ·35 is made on account of the Rajah's contemplated tour to Northern India under the head of *Assignments to the Rajah's family*, and the expenditure under this head is further increased by ·20, being the treasury contribution (40 per cent.) towards the marriage expenses of the grand-children of the late Rajah; a further provision of 1·65 has been made on account of the Rajah's tour to Europe, but as this proposal has been abandoned the amount can be eliminated from the budget.

Under *Agricultural loans*, a new heading representing loans for agricultural improvements, especially wells, an outlay of ·10 is anticipated in 1893–94 against ·05 the probable expenditure during the last three months of the current fasli.

The Government is pleased to observe, with reference to the remarks in its review of the last budget of the State, that the matter of opening rural dispensaries has been kept in view and that an increased expenditure of ·05 under this head is provided for in the budget for 1893–94.

An allotment of ·35 has been made under *Town conservancy*, against the budget estimate of ·25 and the revised estimate of ·50 for the current year. The excess of these amounts over ·25, the ordinary allotment, represents chiefly expenditure in connection with the Pudukulam water project.

Owing to the completion of almost all the new buildings the budget estimate for 1893–94 shows decreases of 1·0 and ·06 under *Civil Works*, *Buildings* and *Establishments.*

4. Taking into account the reduction of 1·65 in the budget charges for 1893–94, owing to the abandonment of the proposed tour to Europe, the deficit of 1·5 anticipated by the Diwan-Regent should be converted into a surplus of ·15 which should meet the anticipated loss on the sale of Government paper, and the loans alluded to in the forecast made by the Diwan-Regent in paragraphs 4 *et seq* of his report (paragraph 30 of the Political Agent's letter) will not be necessary.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.

ENDORSEMENT—dated 5th June 1893, No. 352, Political.

Copy to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., &c., 5th June 1893,
Nos. 351, 352.

JUNE.

Pudukkottai State.

Reviewing the budget estimate of the — for the year 1893-94.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again the following paper :—

G.O., dated 29th March 1893, R. No. 68, Political.

Read—the following paper :—

From W. H. WELSH, Esq., Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 12th March 1893, No. 10-O-385.

With reference to paragraph 3 of the order of Government, dated 23rd February 1893, No. 104, Political, I have the honour to submit a copy of report from the Diwan-Regent, Pudukkóttai, giving preliminary details of survey operations shortly to be undertaken in the Tondiman State.

2. A report on the scope of the proposed settlement will be submitted on receipt of information from the Diwan-Regent, who has been asked to furnish it.

ENCLOSURE.

From M.R.Ry. A. SASHIAH SASTRI, Diwan-Regent, to the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated Pudukkóttai, 3rd March 1893, No. 15-O.

I have the honour to acknowledge your letter No. 10—216, dated 13th February 1893, and enclosure, regarding the proposed survey and revised revenue settlement of this State.

2. Your reply telegram to the Chief Secretary to the effect that "arrangements for beginning survey now being made" is correct.

3. In February 1892, at the suggestion of the Special Deputy Collector, Narayana Iyer, now working in the Trichinopoly district, a number of probationers (55) and a batch of 25 village karnams were sent to his camp to be trained in the new method of survey. The course of training was not expected to be longer than a few months. They were all paid a small subsistence money by this State in addition to the small salaries from the funds of the British Survey.

4. The batch of karnams all returned with certificates of qualification in field survey, *i.e.*, E. F. G.* processes, and returned to their posts.

* E.—Field Demarcation
F.—Field Measurement.
G.—Plane Tabling.

5. The probationers have also undergone training and most of them returned after going through the course. About 16 of them, however, have been detained by the Survey Deputy Collector for work in his own office and are paid by him as part of his regular establishment on the condition that they are to be drafted to the service of this State as soon as operations are begun.

6. A Graduate of the University in the State service, in the Revenue Department, was deputed at the same time to go through a higher and fuller course of training, and he has also returned with a certificate of qualification in (1) Boundary Demarcation, (2) Theodolite Survey, (3) Traverse Computation, (4) Traverse Plotting, (5) Field Demarcation, (6) Field Measurement, (7) Field Plotting, (8) Plane Tabling, (9) Prismatic Compass Survey.

7. The Deputy Collector had informed me that his work in Trichinopoly would come to a close in April 1893 and that he would be able to start, under his direct supervision, survey work in this State.

8. I believe his work there was delayed beyond his calculation, and I understood from him that it would not be finished much before October 1893.

9. I met Mr. Cardozo, Superintendent of Revenue Survey, in the beginning of the last month when he was passing through Trichinopoly and learnt from him that the services of Special Deputy Collector Narayana Iyer would be transferred to Salem as soon as he had done with Trichinopoly. I did not discuss the subject further as there was no time for it. But I explained to him that Narayana Iyer had undertaken only to direct and supervise the operations by personal visits now and then and not to have the entire charge of the work which will be done by such separate local agency as may be required.

10. The disastrous character of the season and its effects on the finances demand that the beginning of actual field work should be put off till July or thereabouts, that is to say, till some rain has fallen and drinking water was available in the villages for the working parties.

11. Meanwhile I shall not be idle. Fresh batches of karnams will be brought under training in the training class which will be formed under the certificated Graduate above alluded to, and which will take in probationers also. So that I hope to have a practically trained staff to begin operations about the time indicated above. Some of the necessary instruments to begin the training class have been obtained from Messrs. P. Orr and Sons, and others are being locally made up, and I hope the class will be opened at a very early date. The village karnams are all busy otherwise and will be released from urgent work in about a month or 6 weeks. Moreover, it will not be possible to have them up for training except in convenient batches. But there need be no delay to begin with the probationers.

Order—dated 29th March 1893, R. No. 68, Political.

Recorded pending further report.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. A. GALTON,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.

READ—also the following papers :—

From W. H. WELSH, Esq., Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 21st April 1893, No. 10-O—586.

With reference to G.O., No. 68, dated 29th March 1893, I have the honour to submit a report from the Diwan-Regent on the scope of the Revenue Settlement to be introduced into the Pudukkóttai State.

2. Government Order, No. 324, Political, dated 23rd April 1887, paragraph 3, recommended the introduction of a settlement based on classification of soils and a correct survey of lands whereby the existing inequalities of the rates of assessment might be corrected. The preliminary arrangements made for the survey of Pudukkóttai State have already been reported in this office letter No. 10-O—385, dated 12th March 1893.

3. The Diwan-Regent's description of the object of the settlement and its proposed method is sufficiently clear. It will avoid the unfortunate characteristics of the British settlement by which two fields with similar surface soil are assessed alike, although one may have advantages of situation which renders it twenty times more valuable than the other: for instance, in the case of wet fields, proximity to sluices and favorable level; in the case of dry fields, existence of water in sub-soil and the like.

4. The Diwan-Regent hopes to organise a system of agency efficient in local knowledge, and to inaugurate a panchayat of respectable mirasidars of village headmen for attesting the correctness of the work. The commutation rates of assessment already determined on the quantities and prices of the Government share in kind for five years preceding the famine will continue as it will inflict no hardship on the ryot or loss on the State.

5. The Diwan-Regent is averse to granting annual remissions in case of deficient crop. The reason assigned by him is that the grant of remissions in bad season will inflict losses on the State without deriving corresponding benefit in good season, which will be wholly on the ryots side. Remissions are now unknown in Pudukkóttai.

ENCLOSURE.

From M.R.Ry. A. SASHIAH SASTRI, Dewan-Regent, to the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated Pudukkóttai, 30th March 1893, No. 29-O.

Subject.—Scope of proposed settlement—
From Political Agent, No. 10—210, dated 13th February 1893.
From Political Agent, No. 10-O—334, dated 2nd March 1893.
From Political Agent, No. 10-O—408, dated 12th March 1893.
To Political Agent, No. 15—O., dated 3rd March 1893.

I have the honour to submit the report called for in the marginally-noted letters on the scope and intentions of the long contemplated scheme of Revenue Survey and Settlement proposed to be shortly introduced into this State.

2. The present system of revenue was improvised by me in the years 1879-80 soon after taking * charge of the Administration. The *modus operandi* adopted to introduce it as well as the glaring defects of the Amani or sharing system (on which the bulk of the land revenue was derived) which it superseded will be found described in paragraphs 158 to 174 of my Administration Report (dated 16th December 1880) for fasli 1289 (A.D. 1879-80). For ready reference I have reprinted those paragraphs and annexed them to this report.

* August 1878.

3. As time wore on, complaints of over-assessment were preferred by certain villages, and I was called upon to report on the statements made. I accordingly drew up an exhaustive report which was fully considered by Government and disposed of in G O., No. 324, dated 23rd April 1887, of which I annex a printed copy for convenience of reference.

4. The results then arrived by Government were—

That, as regards the alleged high assessment, the assessment now paid is simply the money-value of the Government share of the produce which had previously been taken in kind.

That the commutation was made on the quantities and prices of the Government share in kind for five years preceding the famine.

That the average rates were Re. 1-1-0 for dry and Rs. 4-13-8 for irrigated land which, as the Diwan-Regent shows, compare fairly with those in adjoining British districts.

That 67 per cent. of the dry land is assessed at less than 1 rupee.

That in wet land though some of the rates are very high, viz., Rs. 19 per acre, 96 per cent. of the whole is assessed at less than Rs. 10, and 65 per cent. at less than the average rate above given.

That the general weight of the assessment cannot be said to be heavy, and there is no reason to suppose that the commutation has not on the whole been equitably carried out.

That it is however admitted that a settlement founded on classification of soils and a correct survey of lands whereby inequalities of incidence would be corrected would have been more satisfactory, but a measure of this kind must be a work of time.

5. The petitioners, *vide* paragraph 7, were accordingly informed by the Political Agent that the question of the rates of assessment on lands in the Pudukkottai State has been considered, and that while it appears that in general there is no reason to believe that it is unduly high, it is hoped that the inequalities on its incidence will be shortly corrected by a new settlement.

6. The concluding paragraph above sufficiently indicates the objects proposed to be gained by the proposed survey and settlement.

7. In my letter † of the 3rd instant, I have reported to you the steps I propose taking preliminary to the actual survey and settlement operations, which for unforeseen reasons therein stated has to be postponed till next fasli. Meanwhile a training class for the karnams will be opened on the 1st of April, and I hope to have all the karnams available as well as a supplementary staff ready trained by the time real work is begun.

† Printed copy annexed.

8. As regards the classification of soils which is really the more important portion of the work of settlement, I have not quite thought out a scheme, but I may in this place make a few observations showing what my ideas are on the subject.

9. The method of settlement in this State will, under the peculiar circumstances, be very different from that pursued in British districts. I have here some recorded and authentic statistics regarding the *produce* reaped by ryots and shared with Government for a long course of

years, on the *holdings*, distributed under the various tanks or sources of irrigation, on the basis of which taken for a period of five years before the famine I concluded the present commutated revenue. These statements of produce are of course to some extent vitiated by the error of the paimash measurements conducted at various periods, sometimes, very remote, sometimes recent, and in some cases by the absence of such accounts.

10. The inquiries conducted and the results recorded by the staff of classifiers and assessors employed for the purposes of the Inam settlement during the last four years will also be of much help in classifying and assessing the Ain lands adjoining and often-times intermixed with the inam land and situated under the same (tanks) sources of irrigation. I have had few complaints that the classification and assessment were excessive or unequal or partial.

11. A small potion of the State known as the Viralimalai firka was brought under a regular ryotwari assessment based on a rough paimash and classification of soils long ago. It was on the model of the Ryotwari settlement then in vogue in British districts, and the Hookumnamah or manual of instructions then issued for the paimash and for the classification and assessment of the soils is also available for guidance if need be for such help.

12. More important than all, the object of the new settlement as described above is more to equitably distribute on each field composing each ryot's holding the existing land revenue than to arrive at a new standard of assessment, the fiscal results of which, as in the case of the British districts, cannot be foreseen. In fact I trust to have no groping in the dark and no hypothetical rates to apply to the soils. The land revenue of each village on the present occupied area having been in a measure determined by the actual crop results of five years, and having held its ground and having firmly stood the test of 12 years in succession through good as well as through bad and indifferent seasons, may safely be taken as the general standard to be kept in view, and the rates of assessment will be so adjusted as to fit in more or less approximately.

13. There are no rivers in this State and no direct channel irrigation from rivers as in Trichinopoly and Tanjore. Such rivers as they are called so by courtesy only fill the water-courses which supply tanks. The whole wet cultivation is dependant on rain-fed tanks, and there are no valuable padugai lands or rich loam or alluvial soils or rich jonna or cotton soil except perhaps to an inconsiderable extent.

14. The work of classifying the wet lands will be reduced to, first, the classification of the tanks themselves as to their capacity to hold water, and then to the classification of the fields under them with reference to their soils, proximity to the sluices and their relative levels.

15. The work of classifying the dry lands will be even much more simple. There are but two prevailing rates—Rs. 10 per veli for the superior lands growing cumbu, dholl, cholum, &c., and Rs. 6 per veli for inferior lands growing varagu, gram, &c.

16. The work of classification will be best conducted by a staff consisting of men of local knowledge under experienced control.

17. I hope also to be able to organise and make use of the agency of a ryots' panchayat composed of the respectable mirasidars or headmen of each village to go round with the classifiers and attest their work either in token of approval or with remarks of their objections which will receive the attention of the supervising checking agency.

18. As regards the commutation rate which next to soil classification of the lands will be the most important factor in the settlement, I propose to make no change in those adopted in the present assessment. It may be perfectly true that prices have been ever since the money assessment was introduced considerably higher than the commutation prices. But it is the high price which has been the helping staff or mainstay of the ryots through all the vicissitudes of season which are nowhere so severe as in this Pudukkóttai State and in the surrounding (Kadarambam) upland tracts like the British taluk Pattukkóttai and Ramnad and Shivaganga zamindaris, and I am altogether for leaving this resource of the ryot untouched, leaving to him all the benefits of high market prices to counteract the deficiencies of crop for which no remissions will be allowed.

19. This brings me to the subject of annual remissions. I am determined that on no account should annual remissions be granted for loss or deficiencies of crop or for lands left waste—*vide* paragraph 169 of extract of Administration report herewith annexed. A very fair allowance will be made on this account once for all in determining the rates on the soil. There will be moreover no relinquishment of lands allowed except for reasons beyond control, though additional lands will always be allowed to be taken up.

20. These are general principles or outlines of the proposed mode of settlement and will be worked out carefully into a manual of instructions which I shall have the honour to submit for your approval and that of the Government later on.

21. Meanwhile I shall consider it my good fortune if Government could intimate to me that the general principles and *modus operandi* of procedure outlined above have their approval.

22. If it be the pleasure of God to vouchsafe me life and health, and if it be also the pleasure of Government to vouchsafe me the same confidence and support which I have already had at their hands, the proposed settlement will be the closing act of my administration.

23. There is still much land fit for cultivation unoccupied, and if I succeed in establishing a moderate assessment which is the keystone of all successful settlement, not only will the present land revenue, which is nearly treble what it was when I came, be placed on a secure footing, but I confidently hope there will be a considerable and rapid addition to it when the springs of private industry are no longer clogged by uncertain and excessive assessment, or by constant and vexatious interference on the part of the Revenue officials.

From the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated Trichinopoly, 24th April 1893, No. 10-O—602.

ABSTRACT.—Submitting a copy of the *Pudukkóttai Gazette* for March 1893 containing notifications by the Diwan-Regent, on the abolition of garden rates of assessment, &c.

ORDER—dated 7th June 1893, No. 359, Political.

Recorded with the following remarks :—

(1) The Government considers that the commutation rates of assessment should, if possible, be based on a longer period than five years immediately preceding the proposed new settlement. The statistics as to the produce shared under the Amani system will probably lead to an under-valuation of the gross produce.

(2) The Diwan-Regent's proposal that annual remissions should in no case be granted for loss or deficiencies of crop or for lands left waste is approved, but the prohibition as to relinquishment of lands does not commend itself to Government.

(3) No mention is made in the Diwan-Regent's report as to the duration of the settlement. His Excellency in Council considers that it should be notified that the settlement will last for 30 years.

(4) The Diwan-Regent should state why he is not prepared to undertake the classification of soils in dry lands. The settlement should, the Government considers, be based on a fieldwar classification of soils, corrected, if necessary, for the circumstances of the land dealt with, on a regulated system, and on a valuation of the half-net.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 7th June 1893, No. 359.

JUNE.

Revenue Survey and Settlement, Pudukkottai.

Recording, with remarks, letter from the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, forwarding copy of the Diwan-Regent's report on the scope and intentions of the scheme of Revenue Survey and Settlement proposed to be shortly introduced into the State.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again the following papers :—

G.O., dated 28th November 1892, No. 687, Political.

ABSTRACT.—Directing the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, to communicate to the Diwan-Regent the intentions of the Government of India regarding establishment in the State of complete postal unity with the Imperial system of posts, and to report what arrangements are proposed for giving effect to them.

G.O., dated 9th March 1893, Mis. No. 140, Political.

From H. FARRER, Esq., Postmaster-General, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Bangalore, 24th February 1893, No. C-1510—2920.

No. 123—111, dated 28th January 1893, from the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai to the Director-General of the Post Office.
No. 14332, dated 14th February 1893, from the Director-General of the Post Office to the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai.

In continuation of this office No. 18241—3304, dated 29th October 1892, I now have the honour to submit, for the information of Government, copies of the correspondence noted on the margin which has passed between the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai and the Director-General of the Post Office in connection with an application made by the former for the supply of certain stamps and seals from the Postal workshop at Aligarh for the use of the State Post offices in Pudukkóttai.

ENCLOSURES.

COPY of a communication from the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Director-General of the Post Office of India, dated Trichinopoly, 28th January 1893, No. 123—111.

1. Letter scales, second size, B 7 scales.
2. Name stamp (Pudukkóttai Branch Post office).
3. Date stamp, brass (Pudukkóttai Branch Post office).
4. Register stamp (do. do.).
5. Parcel stamp, rubber (do. do.).
6. Obliterator (Letter P.).
7. Too-late stamp.
8. Postage due stamp (the word "annas" should be engraved).
9. Mail seal, brass.

The Diwan-Regent, Tondiman State, requests the supply of the marginally-noted articles for the use of the Branch Post office newly opened in the town of Pudukkóttai.

2. As the Superintendent of Postal Workshop and Press, Aligarh, requires your sanction prior to the articles being supplied, I have the honour to request that you will be good enough to accord your sanction to their manufacture and supply.

COPY of a communication from the Director-General of the Post Office of India, to the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated 14th February 1893, No. 14332.

In acknowledging receipt of your letter No. 123—111, dated 28th January 1893, I have the honour to say that, according to the orders of the Government of India, the Aligarh Workshop is debarred from supplying articles that may be manufactured for postal purposes to any

one except officers of Government, and I have been obliged to refuse to allow the supply of such articles to other Native states. Action, however, has now been taken, in communication with the Madras Government, with a view to the Imperial Post office taking over the entire management of posts in Pudukkóttai, and I have therefore to suggest that the present request may be allowed to remain in abeyance until this question is settled.

Order—dated 9th March 1893, Mis. No. 140, Political.

Recorded.

2. The Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, will report what action has been taken with reference to G.O., dated 28th November 1892, No. 687.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.
„ Postmaster-General.

G.O., dated 30th March 1893, Mis. No. 180, Political.

From W. H. WELSH, Esq., Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 17th March 1893, No. 123-O—423.

With reference to paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 140, dated 9th March 1893, Political, I have the honour to report that the intentions of Government of India regarding establishment in Pudukkóttai State complete postal unity with Imperial system of posts were duly communicated to the Diwan-Regent with my remarks.

2. I await information from him for submitting my report to Government.

Order—dated 30th March 1893, Mis. No. 180, Political.

Recorded.

2. The Political Agent should request the Diwan-Regent to expedite his reply to the communication made to him.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.

G.O., dated 28th April 1893, Mis. No. 247, Political.

From W. H. WELSH, Esq., Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 7th April 1893, No. 123-O—548.

In continuation of this office letter No. 123-O—423, dated 17th March 1893, I have the honour to report, with reference to G.O., No. 687, dated 28th November 1892, that the Diwan-Regent, Pudukkóttai, consents to the taking over by the Imperial Department of the entire management of the posts within the State on the condition that the official correspondence of the State be carried free of charge not only between

sub-post and sub-post and between each sub-post with Pudukkóttai, the capital, but also that between the British Post office at Pudukkóttai and the Political Agent's office at Trichinopoly, and also all service correspondence of the State with their bankers and other mercantile offices and firms at Madras and other stations.

2. The minor conditions proposed by the Diwan-Regent, Pudukkóttai, prior to the carrying out of the intentions of the Government of India in this respect are referred to at length in his letter No. 28-O, dated 1st April 1893, copy of which is herewith enclosed for the information and order of Government.

ENCLOSURE.

From the Diwan-Regent for Pudukkóttai, to the Political Agent for Pudukkóttai, dated 1st April 1893, No. 31-O.

Subject.—Working of the State Posts by the British Imperial Postal Department.

From P. A.,	No. 64—614,	dated	22nd July 1892.
To "	" 60-O,	"	1st Sept. "
From "	" 64—1326,	"	3rd Dec. "
To "	" 759-R.,	"	30th " "
From "	" 123-O—274,	"	21st Feb. 1893.
" "	" 123-O—428,	"	17th Mar. "

Adverting to the correspondence noted in the margin ending with your letter No. 123-O—428, dated the 17th instant, I have the honour to submit the following observations.

2. As the tenor of the order of the Government of Madras, No. 687, Political, dated 28th November 1892, seems to leave little option to this State in the matter of the Post offices of this State being entirely taken over and worked by the Imperial Postal Department, it remains only for me to convey my nominal assent to the same, and I do so fully believing that the measure will, as intended, greatly promote the convenience of the subjects of His Highness the Rajah Tondiman Bahadur.

3. I shall accordingly be prepared to instruct the officer in charge of the State Posts to hand over all the Post offices at present in his charge to such officers as may be nominated by the Imperial Postal Department from such date as may be fixed for the purpose.

1. Pudukkóttai.
2. Pudukkóttai branch office in the new public offices.
3. Alangudy.
4. Tirumiam.
5. Kolatur.
6. Karambakudy.
7. Perungalur.
8. Keelanilai.
9. Poonamaravathy.
10. Viralimalai.
11. Kudimiyamalai.

4. I presume that all the postal offices, as they are, will be taken over and maintained and that more will be opened as they come to be required either by the demands of the public or the requirements of the State. I therefore think it unnecessary to propose any specific stipulation to that effect.

5. The State cannot undertake to provide special and separate offices, but all the accommodation now given to the State Post offices, together with all the establishments connected therewith, will be placed at the service of the British Imperial Post if required.

6. Two taluk cutcherries now in course of construction will contain special accommodation for a post office. The third taluk cutcherry has already a room in it for the Post office. When the three Deputy Tahsildars' stations are provided with new offices in the next few years, they will contain a room in them for the Post office. So also when the sub-registration offices at Perungalur and Kudimiyamalai are built a room for a Post office will be set apart as is already the case in the new sub-registry office at Poonamaravathy. Till then I dare say it will not be found too inconvenient to keep them where they are.

7. I note that all the official correspondence of the State will be carried free of charge, not only between sub-post and sub-post and between each sub-post with Pudukkóttai, the capital, but also that between the British Post office at Pudukkóttai and the Political Agent's office at Trichinopoly, and also all service correspondence of the State with their bankers and other mercantile offices and shops at Madras and other stations. I presume a supply of service postage stamp and cards will be furnished to the State annually or from time to time as may be required for the said purpose. Though these are matters of detail, still I thought it as well to allude to them to prevent disappointment or misunderstanding in the future.

NOTE.—The postage now paid on covers to places beyond the State including the Political Agent's head-quarters, Trichinopoly, has varied from Rs. 142 to Rs. 201 per annum.

(Intld.) A.S.

8. Before concluding I would wish to allude to the difficulty which may arise under the British Postal rules for the carriage of bulky records, such as rolls of cadjan accounts, books of the Registration Department. When such difficulties arise the State reserves to itself the right of having the same conveyed by special runners or other means at its own cost.

Order—dated 28th April 1893, Mis. No. 247, Political.

The Political Agent's letter with its enclosure will be communicated to the Postmaster-General with reference to his letter, dated 29th October 1892, No. 18241—3304.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Postmaster-General.
„ Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.

Read—also the following paper:—

From H. FARRER, Esq., Postmaster-General, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 2nd June 1893, No. 4482—N.P. 3 No. 1.

In acknowledging the Proceedings of Government, No. 247, dated 28th April 1893, communicating the decision of the Diwan-Regent of Pudukkóttai to transfer the management of the posts in the Pudukkóttai State to the Imperial Post office, I have the honour to observe, with reference to paragraph 4 of his letter, No. 31-O of the 1st April 1893, that the Post offices named by him will be taken over and maintained by this department, and that, in future, such extensions will be made as the demands of the public or the requirements of the State may render necessary.

2. The office accommodation which the Diwan-Regent in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the same letter is good enough to place at the disposal of this department will be a great convenience in those cases where it is sufficient, and I would propose, with his permission, to depute a Native officer to visit each station in order to observe what room is available. As regards the establishments now maintained to work the State post, I would suggest that the same officer may be permitted to examine each individual in order to ascertain how many are eligible for employment in the Imperial post. It ought to be possible to instruct in the rules of this department all those members of the clerical establishment who possess a tolerable knowledge of English, and the employment of the State postmen may be feasible in a good many cases as well.

3. It will also be necessary for me to prepare an estimate of the cost of the Post office establishments that will have to be maintained within the State, and I shall be glad if the Diwan-Regent will be good enough to give me a statement of the establishments now maintained for the purpose by the State. I shall likewise feel obliged if the Government will be pleased to ascertain whether the Diwan-Regent agrees to the proposals made in my last paragraph.

4. As regards the remarks of the Diwan-Regent in paragraph 7 of his letter, I must now explain that by the term "official correspondence of the State" in paragraph 3 of my letter No. 18241—3304, dated 29th October 1892, was meant such correspondence on the affairs of the State as is exchanged between the officers of the State within the State itself. This correspondence when suitably superscribed and franked will be transmitted without the use of postage stamps of any description, but the correspondence of the State with the Political Agent at Trichinopoly is on a different footing altogether, and the correspondence of the former with banks, mercantile offices and shops at Madras or elsewhere is different again. Before I can speak definitely however as regards the treatment of these last two classes of correspondence, I must make a reference to the Director-General of the Post Office of India and for the present therefore the point may be reserved. As regards the correspondence of the State within the State itself, I must explain that if the State wishes to have any particular correspondence registered or insured, the fee for this service would have to be paid in postage stamps. This is the practice in Mysore.

5. With reference to the last paragraph of the Diwan-Regent's letter, I concur with him in thinking that much advantage will be gained if separate arrangements are made by the State for the transmission of all heavy official articles, as their despatch along with the mails is calculated to interrupt the regularity of the service and thereby affect injuriously the interests of the general public.

ORDER—dated 10th June 1893, No. 363, Political.

The Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, will communicate the letter from the Postmaster-General to the Diwan-Regent with the request that the information asked for by Mr. Farrer may be furnished at an early date.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.
,, Postmaster-General.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 10th June 1893, No. 363.

JUNE.

Pudukkottai—Postal.

Directing the Political Agent, Pudukkóttai, to communicate to the Diwan-Regent for compliance letter from the Postmaster-General requesting certain information in connection with the transfer of the management of the posts in the State to the Imperial Post office.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—again the following paper :—

G.O., dated 1st May 1893, Nos. 257, 258, Political.

Read—the following papers :—

From H. M. WINTERBOTHAM, Esq., Acting Government Agent, Tanjore, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Vallam, 3rd March 1893, No. 14.

With reference to G.O., dated 8th October 1872, No. 377, Political, I have the honour to submit a statement showing the schooling charges payable by the Ceylon Government for the year 1891–92 on account of the children of the Kandyan pensioners whose names appear in list No. 1 of the Auditor-General's report. The report was hitherto submitted for the calendar year. There was no uniformity in the preparation of returns by the heads of schools. Some of them prepared for the official year, others for the calendar year. In view to secure uniformity, Mr. Thomson ordered that the return should be made for the official year, and the present report therefore embraces the period from 1st January 1891 to 31st March 1892. The heads of schools have since represented that the calendar year is the proper school year, and the old system of submitting the report for the calendar year will be reverted to.

2. The number of boys on whose behalf application is now made is 16 against 12 in the year 1890 ; the difference is made up of an increase of seven boys and a decrease of three boys as explained below :—

Increase—(1) *Soundrarajulu*, grandson of Venkatasubbusami, and (2) *Darma Raja*, son of Venkatasami Raja, began to attend school during the year ; (3) *Ramachandra Raja*, son of Andala Devi, and (4) *Renga Raja*, son of Doraisami Raja, whose names were omitted in 1890 for non-attendance, rejoined school during the year under report ; (5) *Alagirisami*, (6) *Chinna Krishnaswami* and (7) *Venkatasami Raja*, who are the sons of Kandyans whose pensions were commuted and in respect of whom separate reports were submitted in previous years, have now been included in the statement.

Decrease—(1) *Govinda Raja*, No. 1 in the previous year's list, died ; (2) *Ramachandra Raja* and (3) *Narasimhalu Raja* (Nos. 7 and 5 respectively in the list for 1890) did not attend school.

The above three names have therefore been excluded from the present list.

3. The total amount for which sanction is now applied for is Rs. 351–0–9 against Rs. 340–15–0 sanctioned last year, and, considering the increase of four boys in the year under report, the difference of Rs. 10–1–9 calls for no remarks.

4. As the School-fee Notification requires payment of fees in advance, the heads of schools complain of the delay in payment of the school-fees. The easiest way of meeting the complaint would be to allow the Government Agent a permanent advance of Rs. 400 from which the charges could be paid. If Government is not prepared to accept this suggestion, the School-fee Notification should be modified in the case of the Kandyan boys.

5. The progress reports of the boys, received from the heads of schools, are herewith submitted.

6. I regret the excessive delay in the submission of this report. There were mistakes in the bills submitted by some of the heads of schools which occasioned several references, the last of which was not answered till the middle of October.

The Sirkele did not submit the required information till 12th January 1893 and has been reprimanded for the delay which he has not explained.

I will endeavour to avoid delay in my office in future.

No. 459.

Referred to the Accountant-General for report with reference to the suggestion made in paragraph 4 of the Government Agent's letter.

(By Order.)

(Signed) A. T. PRINGLE,
Assistant Secretary.

10*th March* 1893.

From T. W. RAWLINS, Esq., Accountant-General, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Fort St. George, 20th April 1893, No. I.A.D.-174.

With reference to your endorsement No. 459, dated the 10th of March 1893, referring to me for report a letter No. 14, dated the 3rd idem, from the Acting Government Agent at Tanjore, in paragraph 4 of which he requests that he may be allowed a permanent advance of Rs. 400 to enable him to meet the payment of schooling fees of the children of the Kandyan pensioners of his district, I have the honour to state that the grant of a permanent advance does not seem to be necessary in this case. All that is required is that the charges should be billed for by the headmasters of schools concerned and paid by the treasury from time to time on the countersignature of the Agent. The charges will be adjusted by this office with Ceylon through the India Exchange Account and the Agent's reports to the local Government might be forwarded to the Colonial Government in further elucidation of the account adjustment.

Order—dated 1st May 1893, No. 257, Political.

The papers read above will be communicated to the Government of Ceylon, who will be requested to state, with reference to paragraph 4 of the Government Agent's letter, whether the course proposed by the Accountant-General meets with approval.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Government Agent, Tanjore.
,, Accountant-General.

Letter—to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, dated Ootacamund, 1st May 1893, No. 258, Political.

Letter from the Government Agent, Tanjore, dated 3rd March 1893, No. 14, with enclosures in original.
Letter from the Accountant General, dated 20th April 1893, No. I.A.D.-174.

I am directed to forward copy of the marginally-noted correspondence regarding the schooling charges payable by the Ceylon Government for the year 1891–92 on account of the children of Kandyan pensioners, and, with reference to paragraph 4 of the letter from the Government Agent, Tanjore, to request that you

will be so good as to inform me whether the course proposed by the Accountant-General meets with the approval of the Ceylon Government. A copy of G.O., dated 30th December 1891, No. 938, Educational, which contains the revised School-fee Notification referred to by the Government Agent, is enclosed for information.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Read—also the following paper :—

From the Colonial Secretary, Colombo, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, dated 12th June 1893.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 1st May 1893, Political No. 258, and its enclosures.

2. In reply, I am to state that the Government of Ceylon approves the course proposed by the Accountant-General with reference to the school fees to be paid on account of the children of Kandyan pensioners.

Order—dated 21st June 1893, No. 389, Political.

Communicated to the Government Agent, Tanjore, and the Accountant-General for guidance.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Government Agent, Tanjore.
,, Accountant-General.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. Encl.

G.O., 21st June 1893, No. 389.

JUNE.

Kandyan Pensioners.

Communicating to the Government Agent, Tanjore, and the Accountant-General, for guidance, letter from the Ceylon Government approving the course proposed by the Accountant-General with reference to the school fees to be paid on account of the children of —.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read again—

G.O., dated 20th February 1893, No. 95, Political.

Abstract.—Accepting the amounts settled by the Travancore Government as compensation for the determination of existing contracts for the sale of liquors in the Periyar camps; directing that they be debited to the cost of the works, and that the Resident be requested to ascertain and report regarding the charge after the expiry of the present leases.

Read—also the following papers:—

From H. B. GRIGG, Esq., M.A., C.I.E., Resident in Travancore and Cochin, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Cochin, 30th May 1893, No. 951.

I have the honour to forward, for orders of Government, the accompanying correspondence.

The Superintendent, Periyar Works, raised the question whether the Kumili arrack-shop, which is one mile from Thekkadi, is included in the area described as "the country within a radius of three miles of the camp," a term which, I think, was first used in a demi-official addressed to the late Resident on the subject. I referred the Superintendent's letter to the Diwan and have just received the letter of the 23rd May 1893. As I was not here when the negotiations began, I do not know whether the Diwan's view corresponds with that of the Government, but if that view is correct, I cannot but think that the compensation agreed to be paid is unduly great, and that the amount which the Superintendent would obtain for his licenses would fall short of the compensation to be paid to the Travancore authorities, as the Kumili sub-contractor to a great extent commands the Periyar liquor market as the distance for purchasers to go is not great, and that he could not be easily disposed. I have suggested to the Superintendent that he should address Government direct and I presume that he will discuss this point.

I had, in communication with the Superintendent, arranged with the Diwan that the licenses should be issued on the 13th proximo (June). I have now proposed to him that the date should be postponed *sine die* pending the orders which the Government may pass on this letter.

I would add that, when recently at Pirmerd, I learnt that the Travancore sub-contractor has, under instructions from the Travancore authorities, not been selling liquor in the Periyar camp since January last. As his compensation has been reduced proportionately to the number of months which would elapse from the date (13th January) originally taken as the basis of calculation to the date as on which the new licenses were to be issued, it is clear that he will incur great loss unless his present Kumili sales are equal roughly to his Kumili and camp sales combined. That this is so seems probable as he has not, so far as I am aware, raised any objection to the reduction of the amount of compensation to be paid to him, viz., Rs. 12,050-10-8 against Rs. 16,152 originally calculated.

Enclosures.

From S. D. PEARS, Esq., Superintendent of Works No. I, Periyar Division, to the Resident in Travancore and Cochin, dated Camp Thekkadi, 19th April 1893, No. 50-M.

I have the honour to invite your attention to the fact that in the Diwan's letter to you of 29th January 1893 enclosed in your letter to the Chief Secretary, No. 63, of 30th January 1893, it is stated that the liquor-sellers whom we are about to compensate have exclusive rights to sell liquor in "the Periyar camps and the country within a radius of three miles of the camps." The use of the plural can only mean that Periyar camp and the Thekkadi camp are intended and the country within a radius of three miles round each of these two camps. The Diwan goes on to say that the contractor for native liquors has only one shop within this area, viz., at Mulla Periyar. There is also, however, a shop at Kumili, which is within one mile of Thekkadi camp, and I beg that you will inform me if the compensation we are about to pay will or will not buy out this shop as well as that at Mulla Periyar (Periyar camp).

If not the wording of the Diwan's letter cannot but have misled the Madras Government into the supposition that they were buying the liquor-rights for both camps and therewith complete immunity from such difficulties as have hitherto arisen, whereas the fact will be that at Kumili a Travancore liquor-seller will continue to hold his shop under precisely similar conditions to those that have hitherto given rise to so much trouble in Periyar camp, with the immaterial exception that the Kumili shop is just outside the Thekkadi camp instead of just within it.

From H. B. GRIGG, Esq., M.A., C.I.E., Resident in Travancore and Cochin, to the Diwan of Travancore, dated Pirmerd, 2nd May 1893, No. 673/93.

In your demi-official of the 29th January 1893, it is stated that the abkári contractors have exclusive rights to sell liquor in "Periyar camps and the country within a radius of three miles of the camps." The use of the plural implies that the Periyar and Thekkadi camps are intended and the country within a radius of 3 miles round these camps. It is also stated that the contractor for native liquors has only one shop at Mulla Periyar. The Superintendent of Periyar Works informs me that the contractor has another shop at Kumili, which is within one mile of the Thekkadi camp. I have therefore the honour to request that you will be so good as to let me know if the compensation which my Government are about to pay will or will not purchase this shop also, as they are evidently under the impression that they are buying the liquor-rights of both camps and therewith complete immunity from such difficulties as have hitherto arisen, whereas the fact will be that at Kumili a Travancore liquor-seller will continue to hold his shop under precisely similar conditions to those that have hitherto given rise to so much trouble in Periyar camp with the immaterial exception that the Kumili shop is just outside the Thekkadi camp instead of just within it. In view of the passage in your letter quoted the question appears to me to admit of only one answer, but I ask it as the Superintendent has raised it, though why he has done so he has not stated.

From S. D. PEARS, Esq., Superintendent of Works, No. I Periyar Division, to the Resident in Travancore and Cochin, dated Kodaikánal, 8th May 1893, No. 87-M.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter, No. 644, of 27th April 1893. You had apparently not yet received my letter, No. 50-M, of 19th April 1893, and I beg that I may be favored with an early reply thereto as it is impossible for me to make arrangements for the sale of liquor lease until the exact nature and extent of the rights contained therein have been clearly defined.

2. I beg that the Diwan may be asked to leave the date of the transfer an open matter until this indispensable preliminary is settled.

From H. B. GRIGG, Esq., M.A., C.I.E., Resident in Travancore and Cochin, to the Superintendent of Works, No. I Periyar Division, Kodaikánal, dated Camp Pirmerd, 18th May 1893, No. 858.

With reference to your letter, No. 87-M, of the 8th instant, I have the honour to inform you that immediately on the receipt of your No 644 of the 27th April 1893, I addressed the Diwan and I await his reply. If it is unfavorable the Government will be addressed: if favorable I will wire to you.

From M.R.Ry. SHUNGRASOOBYER, Avargal, Diwan of Travancore, to the British Resident in Travancore and Cochin, dated Trivandrum, 23rd May 1893, No. P.D. 339.

I have the honour to acknowledge your letter, No. 673-C, dated the 2nd, and reminder No. 858, dated 18th instant.

In all the correspondence you will find that the Periyar camp alone was mentioned, with the country three miles around it, as the tract the abkári lease of which the British Government desired to obtain, and nothing was said about Thekkadi. By "Periyar" we understood that tract which in the maps attached to the general lease of the territory granted to the British Government is named as "Periyar" as contra-distinguished from the other tract embraced in that lease, the map of which is designated "Thekkadi." And so in my demi-official of the 29th January last, on the basis of which all the subsequent negotiations were proceeded with, only one shop was referred to as belonging to the sub-lessee within the Periyar and the three miles area—and this one was the shop which he has agreed to surrender for Rs. 15,000. The plural "camps" was intended to denote the groups of buildings in the same locality, and not a distinct encampment situated far away from Periyar.

If the lease of the Kumili shop situated a mile outside Thekkadi is also desired, negotiations for its surrender must be opened afresh with the present sub-lessee, and a separate compensation will have to be paid him. It will not, however, amount to anything like the sum agreed to be paid for the first one as the profits of the Kumili shop are comparatively small.

From S. D. PEARS, Esq., Superintendent of Works, No. I Periyar Division, to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Madras, dated Kodaikánal, 5th June 1893, No. 52-C.E.

I have the honour to inform you that I have not yet been able to conclude satisfactorily the negotiations for the transfer of the liquor license from the Travancore lessee to myself, ordered in G.O., No. 95, Political, dated 20th February 1893, communicated with G.O., No. 607 W., dated 7th March 1893.

In the Diwan's letter to the Resident, dated 29th January 1893, printed with the above, the Diwan clearly states that the area to which the present license applies is "the Periyar camps and the country within a radius of three miles of the camps." These words as they stand will bear only one construction, and the Madras Government, in agreeing to compensate the present lessee, were no doubt led by this sentence to believe that they were purchasing complete control of the sale of all liquor—European or country—within a radius of three miles of each of the two Periyar camps, viz., the camp at Periyar and the camp at Thekkadi. A local circumstance, however, which I need not here explain, led me to doubt whether this really was the meaning intended to be conveyed, and as it was necessary for me to satisfy myself on this point before advertising the sale of the sub-lease when the lease should come into my hands, I addressed the Resident of Travancore in April on the matter. I have to-day received a telegram from him in which he says that the meaning of the sentence above quoted is not what it appears to be and that if the radius of three miles round each of the camps is to be included, additional compensation will have to be paid for a certain shop situated* near Thekkadi camp and which at present is the sole liquor supply of Thekkadi camp. What the real meaning of the Diwan's sentence above quoted is, I have not yet learnt, nor what is the area of control purchased by the British Government for their Rs. 15,000. But as the Resident suggests in his telegram that I should address the Government on the matter (as he informs me that he is also doing) I venture to ask that in re-opening and concluding these negotiations the area of control should be unmistakeably defined. It is also essential that that area should include some considerable space around each of the camps since it is clear that otherwise the present Periyar liquor-seller has only to pocket his compensation and then move his shop (a small thatched shed) about 200 yards further west and resume trade just beyond the Periyar camp limits. The area that I should recommend would be a radius of one mile from Periyar rice bazaar and a radius of half a mile from Thekkadi post office and the length of the road from Periyar to Thekkadi by a width of a quarter of a mile on each side thereof. I should sublet the whole of

* At Kumili.

this area to the highest bidder. Should he be the owner of the Kumili shop (near Thekkadi) our control over him would be sufficient by virtue of his Periyar shop. Should he be any other man, he would almost certainly set up a shop in the Thekkadi camp itself for the supply of the coolies, which shop as well as the one at Periyar would be under our control.

The area proposed would thus give to the British Government complete control of all liquor traffic in both camps and along the road joining the camps, and whoever may be the lessee there will be no need to pay compensation to the owner of the Kumili liquor-shop.

It is possible, though most improbable, that in the event of our sub-lessee being some other man than the Kumili liquor-shop owner, our sub-lessee may leave the supply of the Thekkadi camp in the hands of the present Kumili shop owner, who would be beyond our control. Even were this certain to be the case, however, I would not recommend buying out the Kumili shop-owner. His shop has not hitherto been the source of any appreciable trouble to the Thekkadi works and the latter will, moreover, be practically closed next year on the completion of the tunnel and of the watershed cutting.

No. 371.

Transferred to the Political Department.

(Signed) J. HANNAN,
Ag. Joint Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

12th June 1893.

ORDER—dated 24th June 1893, No. 403, Political.

The Government considers that the area of control round the Periyar camp which has already been agreed upon should not be reduced. The Resident's attention will be drawn to the facts mentioned by the Superintendent of Works in regard to the Thekkadi camp, and he will be directed to ascertain, at a very early date, whether the Travancore Darbar would be willing to meet this Government by agreeing to Mr. Pears' proposal, *viz.*, that the area of control should, so far as this camp is concerned, be represented by the country enclosed by a radius of half-a-mile from Thekkadi post office and by the whole length of the road from Periyar to Thekkadi with a quarter of a mile on each side thereof.

2. The Resident will impress upon the Travancore Darbar the fact that this Government was completely misled by the expressions "*camps* and the country within a radius of 3 miles of the camps," used in the Diwan's letter of the 29th January last, into supposing that the control over the sale of liquors in both camps had already been secured.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Resident in Travancore.
,, Public Works Department.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 24th June 1893, No. 403.

JUNE.

Periyar.

Passing orders in connection with the question of the area of control over the sale of liquors in the — and Thekkadi camps.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following papers :—

From J. A. CUMMING, Esq., Acting Head Assistant Collector in charge, Kurnool, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Kurnool, 31st March 1893, No. 1260.

I have the honour to submit the budget estimate of revenue and expenditure in Banganapalle State for 1893–94, together with the usual appendices.

2. The variations under the several heads are accounted for in the remark column.

Enclosures.

APPENDIX I.

Detail statement showing the particulars of establishments in Banganapalle State.

Designation.	Amount of yearly salary.
	RS.
Huzur Cutcherry.	
Agent Syed Imdad Ali Sahib Bahadur	1,200
4 Gumastas	684
3 Duffadars	204
14 Peons	702
1 Shroff	96
1 Mutafarikat	72
Sadarward	142
Total ..	3,100
Civil Cutcherry.	
1 Munsif	600
2 Gumastas	384
1 Duffadar	78
8 Peons ..	384
1 Mutafarikat	30
Sadarward	24
Total ..	1,500
Revenue Cutcherry.	
1 Sheristadar	240
2 Gumastas	264
1 Duffadar	60
14 Peons	672
1 Mutafarikat	72
Sadarward	92
Total ..	1,400

Detail statement showing the particulars of establishments in Banganapalle State—*cont.*

Designation.	Amount of yearly salary.
Magistrate Court.	RS.
1 Sub-Magistrate	540
1 Gumasta	132
1 Duffadar	60
6 Peons	288
Batta to prisoners	210
1 Mutafarikat	48
Sadarward	43
Pound and Escheat establishment	179
Total ..	1,500
Police.	
Amin, Katwal and Jail Superintendent	444
1 Duffadar	60
36 Peons	1,728
Sadarward	24
Burial of paupers	44
Total ..	2,300
Post Office.	
2 Gumastas	216
3 Peons	168
Sadarward	16
Total ..	400
Education.	
4 Schoolmasters	1,080
1 Peon	48
1 Mutafarikat	48
Sadarward and value of books	24
Total ..	1,200
Medical.	
1 Hospital Assistant	960
2 Compounders	480
2 Assistant compounders	240
1 Midwife	120
1 Vaccinator	70
1 Mutafarikat	48
1 Peon	48
Sadarward	54
Medicines, &c.	1,480
Total ..	3,500
Grand Total ..	14,900

APPENDIX II.

STATEMENT showing the particulars of Public Works in Banganapalle State.

Description of works.	Amount.
	RS.
1. Repairs of irrigation	300
2. Repairs and construction of roads	* 5,000
3. Repairs of bungalows, &c.	4,000
Total ..	9,300

* The attention of the Nawab will be drawn again to paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 360, dated 11th June 1892, Political.

APPENDIX III.

STATEMENT showing the amount payable by the Nawab in liquidation of the Government debt of three lakhs.

Particulars.				Amount.		
				RS.	A.	P.
Balance of loan outstanding at the commencement of the year				72,945	9	10
Amount of instalment payable by the Nawab in liquidation of three lakhs of rupees granted by Government—*vide* G.O., No. 22, dated 1st January 1877—	RS.	A.	P.			
Principal	26,184	8	5			
Interest	4,442	6	3			
				30,630	0	0

APPENDIX IV.

STATEMENT showing the household expenditure of the Nawab of Banganapalle.

Particulars.	Amount.
	RS.
The Nawab's household expenditure*	55,000

* This item represents the Nawab's household expenditure, stable charges, hunting charges, &c.

Budget estimate of receipts and charges of the Banganapalle State for the year 1893-94.

Heads of accounts.	Receipts. Actuals, 1891-92.	Receipts. Budget, 1892-93.	Receipts. Actuals, 1892-93.	Receipts. Budget, 1893-94.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
1. Land Revenue including fines.	41,180	80,010	80,000	68,000	The actual collections have almost equalled the estimate owing to a large balance having remained uncollected at the end of the previous year in consequence of unfavorable character of the season and to a portion of it being collected this year.
2. Abkári	9,360	8,500	* 9,000	9,000	* Increase is due to the number of bidders being greater than that of the previous year.
3. Moturfa	1,320	1,600	1,500	1,200	Decrease is due to non-collection of Rs. 100 this year.
4. Salt	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	
5. Stamps	3,150	2,500	3,300	3,000	Increase of Rs. 800 is due to sale of stamps being greater than in the previous year.
6. Tolls	1,810	2,000	2,200	2,000	Actual receipts have exceeded the budget estimate in consequence of more goods having been imported into the State.
7. Registration fees ..	140	130	200	200	Increase due to the filing of a larger number of documents for registration than in the previous year.
8. Road cess	8,500	10,400	10,000	8,000	Decrease is due to non-collection of outstanding balance of last year under Amaroy.
9. School fund	1,060	1,330	1,500	1,200	Increase is due to collection of arrears of previous year.
10. Opium revenue ..	1,500	1,500	1,600	1,500	Increase is due to the amounts of bids being larger than in the previous year.

Heads of accounts.	Charges. Actuals, 1891-92.	Charges. Budget, 1892-93.	Charges. Actuals, 1892-93.	Charges. Budget, 1893-94.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
I. Cost of establishment maintained by Nawab—					
1. Sadar Court	3,060	3,060	3,100	3,100	
2. Munsif's Court ..	1,550	1,550	1,500	1,500	
3. Revenue	1,420	1,420	1,400	1,400	
4. Magisterial Court ..	1,660	1,500	1,600	1,500	Increase is due to miscellaneous expenditure, repairs of cattle pounds and refund of fines imposed on unclaimed cattle.
5. Police	2,400	2,380	2,400	2,300	Increase due to the miscellaneous expenditure in connection with unclaimed dead bodies, &c.
6. Postal	420	420	400	400	
7. Educational	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	
8. Medical	3,500	3,500	4,000	3,500	The actual expenditure exceeded the estimated amount owing to the prevalence of cholera and the arrangements made for keeping the villages clean and administering proper medicines to the patients.
Total ..	15,210	15,030	15,600	14,900	
II. Public Works—					
(1) Repairs of irrigation works.	350	300	400	300	Increase due to construction of petty channels for wet crops.

Budget estimate of receipts and charges of the Banganapalle State for the year 1893–94—*cont.*

Heads of accounts.	Receipts. Actuals, 1891–92.	Budget, 1892–93.	Actuals, 1892–93.	Budget, 1893–94.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
11. Nazar (Dora)	360	360	400	400	
12. Judicial establishment.	2,370	2,370	2,400	2,400	
13. Medical	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	
Miscellaneous	2,480	6,000	5,400	5,500	Decrease is due to non-collection of certain items under miscellaneous. The debt of Rs. 4,000 paid by Saiyad Murtuza Allikhan Bahadur is included herein.
Total ..	78,630	1,22,100	1,22,900	1,07,800	
Opening balance ..	4,590	360	2,150	3,220	*Note.*—The totals have not been rounded to thousands on the ground that a considerable difference would be the result of so doing.
Grand Total ..	83,220	1,22,460	1,25,050	1,11,020	

Heads of accounts.	Charges. Actuals, 1891–92.	Budget, 1892–93.	Actuals, 1892–93.	Budget, 1893–94.	Remarks.
II. Public Works—*cont.* (2) Construction and repairs of roads.	RS. 9,100	RS. 12,000	RS. * 9,000	RS. 5,000	* The actual expenditure fell short of the estimated amount owing to the Ramapuram road which had been originally intended to be repaired for the relief of the poor having been given up subsequently owing to the favorable change in the season. Nawab's attention will be drawn again to paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 360, dated 11th June 1892, Political.
(3) Repairs of bungalows.	200	150	200	4,000	
Total ..	9,650	12,450	9,600	9,300	
III. Amount payable to Government in liquidation of debt— RS. A. P. Principal .. 26,184 8 5; Interest .. 4,442 6 3	..	30,630	30,630	30,630	
Total ..	..	30,630	30,630	30,630	
IV. Nawab's household expenditure ..	58,000	62,200	66,000	55,000	The increase is due to the Nawab having had to go to Madras.
Total ..	58,000	62,200	66,000	55,000	
Grand Total ..	82,860	1,20,310	1,21,830	1,09,830	
Closing balance ..	360	2,150	3,220	1,190	
Grand Total ..	83,220	1,22,460	1,25,050	1,11,020	

No. 857.

MEMORANDUM.

It is observed that under "II Public Works" the estimated expenditure on (2) Construction and repairs of roads in 1893–94 has been placed at Rs. 5,000 against Rs. 9,000, the actuals of 1892–93, whilst that on (3) Repairs of bungalows has been placed at Rs. 4,000 against Rs. 200 in 1892–93.

The Political Agent is requested to explain the large allotment under the latter head.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

11*th May* 1893.

To the Political Agent, Banganapalle.

From C. M. MULLALY, Esq., Acting Collector and Political Agent of Kurnool, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated 14th June 1893, No. 2123.

Referring to Government memorandum, No. 857, dated 11th May 1893, Political, I have the honour to state that, owing to the heavy fall of rain last year, a portion of the State bungalow at Banganapalle came down, for the repairs of which Rs. 4,000 has been estimated; hence the large allotment under the head "Repairs of bungalows."

ORDER—dated 28th June 1893, No. 411, Political.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Political Agent, Banganapalle.

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 28th June 1893, No. 411.

JUNE.

Banganapalle State.

Recording the budget estimate of the — for 1893-94.